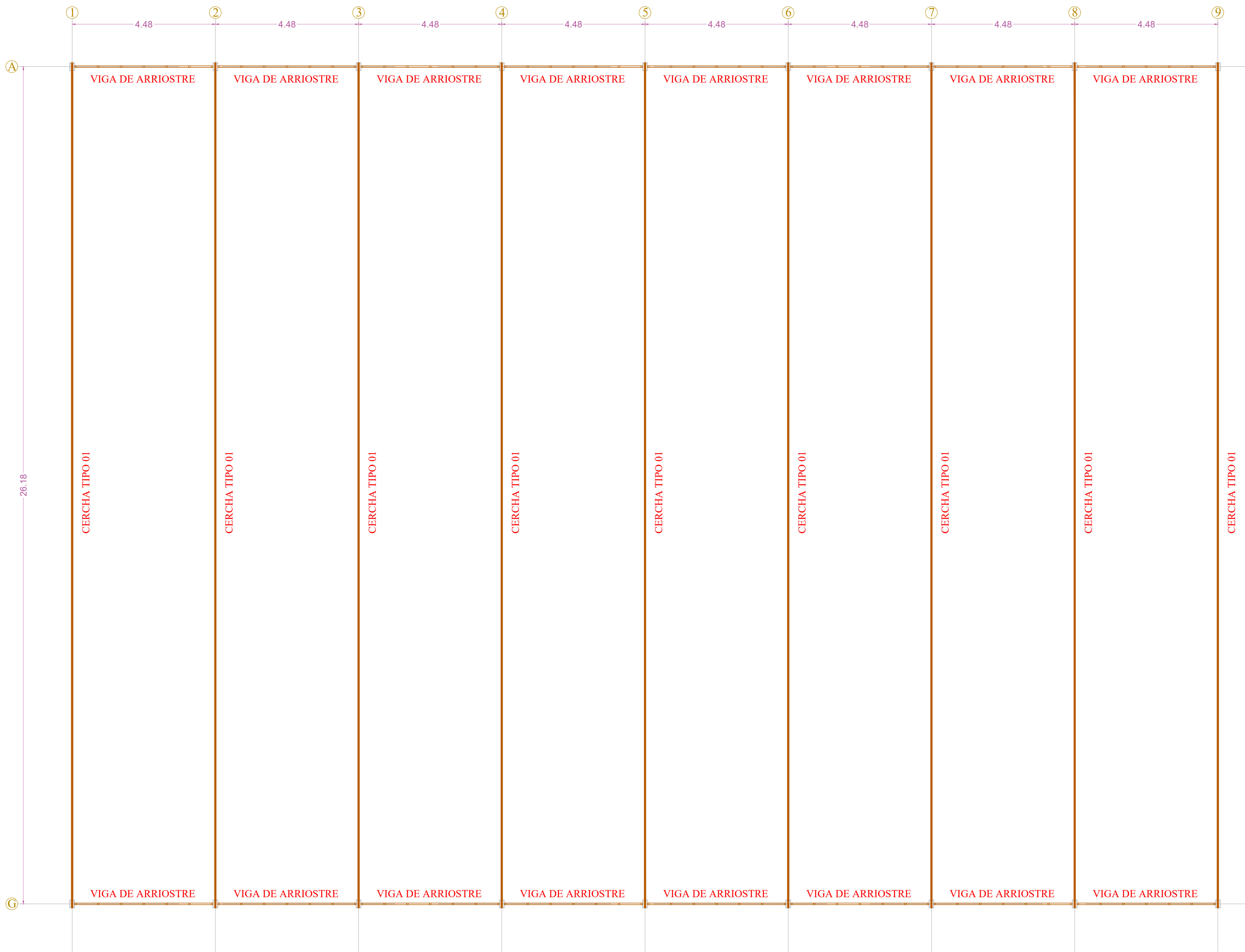


The diagrams illustrate various tax distortions on a graph with a vertical axis (Y) and a horizontal axis (X). A green curve represents the marginal benefit or demand, and a red shaded area represents the tax revenue or deadweight loss.

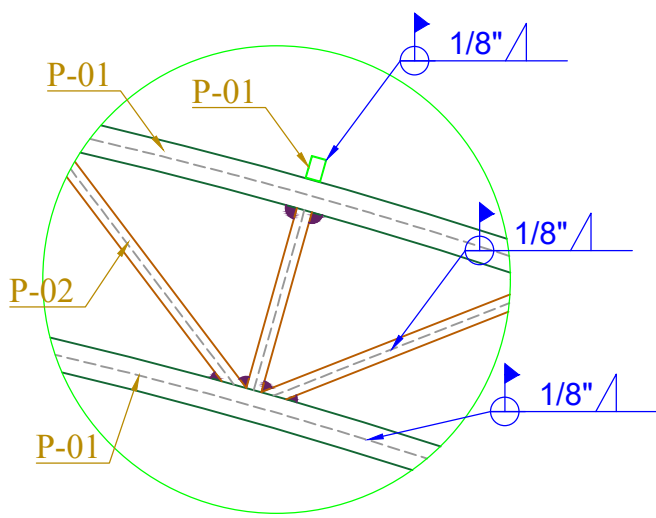
- Garganta Insuficiente:** The tax is too low, resulting in a small deadweight loss (red area) and a large area of consumer surplus (green area).
- Excesiva Convexidad:** The tax is too high, resulting in a large deadweight loss (red area) and a small area of consumer surplus (green area).
- Excesiva Socavación:** The tax is too high, resulting in a large deadweight loss (red area) and a small area of consumer surplus (green area).
- Solapado:** The tax is too low, resulting in a small deadweight loss (red area) and a large area of consumer surplus (green area).
- Insuficiente:** The tax is too low, resulting in a small deadweight loss (red area) and a large area of consumer surplus (green area).



- Soldadura en Obra. Deberán removerse con cepillo de alambre toda capa de pintura en las superficies adyacentes a las zonas a soldarse en Obra.

UBICACIÓN DE CERCHAS TÍPICAS  
ESC. 1/75

## PERNOS



DETALLE 04  
Uniones Soldadas  
ESC. 1/25

CM-01  
TUBO RECTANGULAR  
ACERO ESTRUCTURAL A-500  
250x150 mm. e= 10 mm.

COLUMNA METÁLICA  
ESC. 1/20

**TUBO RECTANGULAR**  
**ACERO ESTRUCTURAL A-500**  
 50x100x3.0 mm

**TUBO RECTANGULAR**  
**ACERO ESTRUCTURAL A-500**  
 50x50x2.5 mm

**TUBO RECTANGULAR**  
**ACERO ESTRUCTURAL A-500**  
 50x75x2.3 mm

PERFILES ESTRUCTURALES  
ESC. 1/10